

20. a form of government in which a ruler or small cliques wield absolute power (not restricted by a constitution or laws).
 21. country formed of people who share common culture and history.
 22. a state in which the powers of the central government are restricted and in which the component parts (states, colonies, or provinces) retain a degree of self-government.
 23. a system of government in which the state plans and controls the economy and a single - often authoritarian - party holds power.
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1. the extent or range of authority.
 4. a form of government in which a Deity is recognized as the supreme civil ruler; a government subject to religious authority.
 5. art of negotiating with other countries.
 6. a state in which the supreme power rests in the body of citizens entitled to vote for officers and representatives responsible to them.
 9. a condition of lawlessness or political disorder brought about by the absence of governmental authority.
 10. people who study the state of government and politics.
 11. group who creates, enforces, and interprets laws.
 12. a government in which the supreme power is lodged in the hands of a monarch who reigns over a state or territory, usually for life and by hereditary right.
 13. a representative democracy in which the people's elected deputies (representatives), not the people themselves, vote on legislation.
 14. a form of government in which the supreme power is retained by the people, but which is usually exercised indirectly through a system of representation and delegated authority.
 16. a form of government in which state authority is imposed onto many aspects of citizens' lives.

23 of 23 words were placed into the puzzle.

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